



Striking a Balance: CMS's Proposed New Requirement on Excessive Radiation Dose or Inadequate Image Quality for CT

Summary

Since the groundbreaking advent of the first X-Ray in 1895 advancements in medical imaging have played a crucial role in diagnosing and treating myriad conditions. While the dazzling benefits and the marvel of this new technology were immediately clear, the scope of the dangers of radiation exposure would take decades to fully see and over a century later we are still grappling with them. Present concerns regarding excessive radiation dose and inadequate image quality have prompted the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) to propose new requirements which balance the diagnostic value of high-quality imaging with the risks of exposure to ionizing radiation.

Radiation Dose and Image Quality: Balancing Act

While medical imaging has indisputable benefits, there are also inherent risks associated with ionizing radiation, particularly when administered excessively. The long-term effects of radiation exposure can increase the risk of developing cancer and other radiation-induced ailments. On the other hand, inadequate image quality can lead to misdiagnosis, delayed treatment, or unnecessary repeat scans, resulting in added costs and potential harm to patients.

CMS's Proposed New Requirement

Recognizing the significance of patient safety and the need to optimize image quality, CMS has put forth a proposed requirement to address excessive radiation dose or inadequate image quality in CT. The objective is to strike a balance between minimizing radiation exposure while ensuring accurate diagnoses and effective treatment planning.

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Key Components of the Proposed Requirement

1. Excessive Radiation Dose

- a. Calculate the size-adjusted radiation dose for CT examinations.
- b. Establish thresholds for size-adjusted radiation dose appropriate for each category of CT imaging.
- c. Report on the number of examinations that exceed their defined thresholds for size-adjusted radiation dose.

2. Inadequate Image Quality

- a. Measure the global noise for CT examinations.
- b. Establish thresholds for global noise appropriate for each category of CT imaging.
- c. Report on the number of examinations that exceed their defined thresholds for global noise.

Response from the Medical Community

The medical community has responded to CMS's proposed new requirements around excessive radiation dose or inadequate image quality with a mix of support, caution, and constructive feedback. Many healthcare professionals recognize the importance of patient safety and the need to optimize image quality, and they appreciate CMS's efforts to address these concerns. However, others have also expressed concerns about the potential burden of gathering and analyzing the data needed to meet the requirement, particularly for smaller imaging facilities with limited resources. If complying with new regulations is sufficiently onerous it could drive up their costs or reduce their ability to serve the same number of patients effectively.

Imalogix and the CMS Requirements

Imalogix, a leading provider of radiation dose and image quality solutions, is poised to support hospitals and imaging facilities in meeting CMS's proposed requirement around excessive radiation dose or inadequate image quality without disrupting their existing workflow. Imalogix offers a comprehensive suite of tools designed to optimize radiation dose, enhance image quality, and ensure compliance with the proposed CMS and other requirements. Imalogix has recently appointed Ehsan Samei, a renowned expert in medical imaging and radiation safety, as its Chief Scientific Advisor, demonstrating their commitment to staying at the forefront of industry advancements and ensuring they can provide hospitals with comprehensive support in the face of evolving regulatory requirements and emerging challenges.

With Imalogix as a trusted partner, hospitals can confidently navigate the evolving landscape of medical imaging, prioritize patient safety, and optimize outcomes in compliance with CMS's requirements.